Cargo to move at 180kmph on RAPIDX in non-peak hours Sahibabad and Duhai depot

Priyangi.Agarwal @timesgroup.com

New Delhi: Since RAPIDX will be connecting Delhi with industrial towns and suburban areas of Haryana, Rajasthan and Uttar Pradesh, the Rapid Regional Transit System (RRTS), designed to reach a speed of 180kmph, will be used to move cargo in the non-peak hours. The depots will have warehouses and different trains may be used to haul cargo.

Vinay Kumar Singh, managing director, NCRTC, which is executing the project, told TOI, "During nonpeak hours, the ridership would below, so we can use the time to move cargo, including perishable goods."

Singh said that two studies had been carried out and they showed interesting and encouraging results. "A lot of money has been invested in



V K SINGH SAYS

During non-peak hours, the ridership will be low, so we can use the time to move cargo, including perishable goods

the project and we have to employ every opportunity to earn. But even if we don't earn money, moving the goods will help decongesting roads and reduce smoke and pollution," said Singh.

The NCRTC MD said RA-PIDX would help the logistics sector indirectly too. "People will be able to move seamlessly in the national capital region quickly with RAPIDX covering 90km in an hour," Singh said. "A doctor from Delhi currently may be reluctant to travel to Meerut for a two-hour work in a hospital because he will be spending six hours on travel. When RAPIDX becomes operational, the quality of doctors available in Meerut may suddenly change."

NCRTC is planning depots to have warehouses and other facilities to handle cargo. This will allow easy transportation of goods between the suburban towns of NCR. On the Delhi-Ghaziabad-Meerut line, warehouses will come at Modipuram in Meerut, Duhai in Ghaziabad

ON PRIORITY LIST

Of eight identified corridors, three have been prioritsed in Phase-I

Delhi-Ghaziabad-Meerut corridor

Delhi-Gurgaon-SNB-Alwar corridor

Delhi-**Panipat** corridor



RAPIDX PHASE-I PRIORITY CORRIDORS (383 km)

	Delhi- Ghaziabad -Meerut	Delhi-Gurgaon-SNB- Alwar (198 km)			Delhi- Panipat
*SNB: Shahjahanpur- Neemrana-Behror		Delhi -SNB	SNB- Sotanala	SNB- Alwar	
Total length (km)	82	107	33	58	103
Travel time (min)	60	70	20	-	65
Total stations	25	16	4	-	17
Daily ridership (estimated)	8 lakh	45	11 la رزم ا	ıkh Å	7 lakh

and Jangpura in Delhi.

The Delhi-Ghaziabad-Meerut corridor is expected to become operational in 2025 and the decision on cargo movement will be taken after

RAPIDX trains to be used for moving cargo during nonpeak hours

> All depots to have warehouse facilities

> Delhi-Ghaziabad-Meerut

corridor to open for public in 2025

passenger movement starts

on the entire corridor. A 17-

km priority section between

with five stations is expected to start running soon. Delhi-Gurgaon-SNB-Alwar and Delhi-Panipat are

the other two corridors. which will close the gap between Delhi and the industrial, educational and hospitality hubs of Haryana and Rajasthan. The former will be constructed in three stages, with a 107km stretch from Sarai Kale Khan in Delhi to SNB Urban Complex (Shahjahanpur-Neemrana-Behror) in the first stage, followed by SNB to Sotanala (33.3km), with Shahjahanpur, Neemrana and Behror in between, and the SNB to Alwar (58km) extension in the third stage.

Heading out in a northwesterly direction from Delhi, the Delhi-Panipat corridor will connect Delhi with Murthal, Gannaur, Samalkha and Panipat in Haryana.